TENTATIVE TOSHIBA MOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON GATE CMOS

32 GBIT (4G × 8 BIT) CMOS NAND E²PROM (Triple-Level-Cell)

DESCRIPTION

The TC58NVG5T2HTA00 is a single 3.3 V 32 Gbit (40,478,441,472 bits) NAND Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read-Only Memory (NAND E²PROM) organized as (8192 + 1024) bytes × 516 pages × 1064 blocks. The device has one 9216-byte static registers which allow program and read data to be transferred between the register and the memory cell array in 9216-byte increments. The Erase operation is implemented in a single block unit (4128 Kbytes + 516 Kbytes:9216 bytes \times 516 pages).

The TC58NVG5T2HTA00 is a serial-type memory device which utilizes the I/O pins for both address and data input/output as well as for command inputs. The Erase and Program operations are automatically executed making the device most suitable for applications such as solid-state file storage, voice recording, image file memory for still cameras and other systems which require high-density non-volatile memory data storage.

FEATURES

Organization

TC58NVG5T2HTA00

Device capacity $9216 \times 516 \times 1064 \times 8$ bits

Register 9216×8 Page size 9216 bytes

Block size (4128K + 516K) bytes

Modes

Read, Reset, Auto Page Program, Auto Block Erase, Status Read, Multi Page Program, Multi Page Read

Mode control

Serial input/output

Command control

Number of valid blocks

Min 1028 blocks Max 1064 blocks

Power supply

 $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$

Access time

Cell array to register 150 μs max (TBD)

Serial Read Cycle 25 ns min

Program/Erase time

Auto Page Program TBD $\mu s/page$ typ. Auto Block Erase 3 ms/block typ.

Operating current

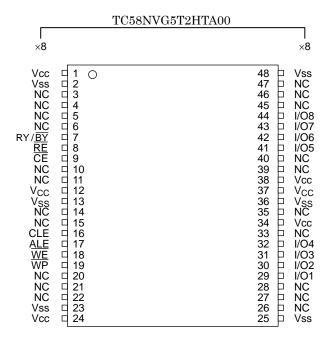
Read (25 ns cycle) 50 mA max. Program (avg.) 50 mA max. Erase (avg.) 50 mA max. Standby 100 μA max.(TBD)

Package

TSOP I 48-P-1220-0.50C (Weight: 0.53 g typ.)

FOR RELIABILITY GUIDANCE, PLEASE REFER TO THE APPLICATION NOTES AND COMMENTS (14). 60 bit ECC each 1K bytes required.

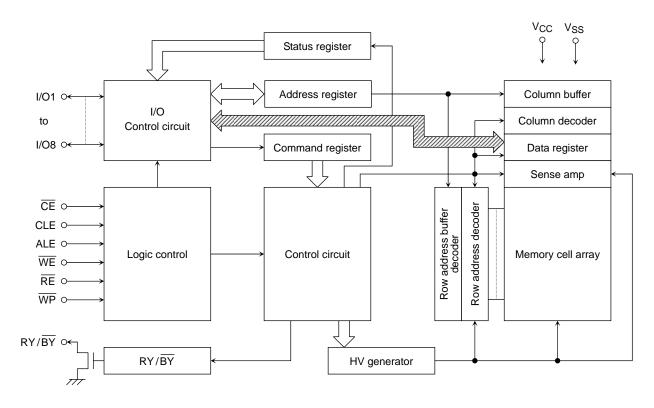
PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)



PIN NAMES

I/O1 ~ I/O8	I/O port
CE	Chip enable
WE	Write enable
RE	Read enable
CLE	Command latch enable
ALE	Address latch enable
WP	Write protect
RY/BY	Ready/Busy
V _{CC}	Power supply
V _{SS}	Ground
N.C	No connection

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	RATING	VALUE	UNIT
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	-0.6 to 4.6	V
V_{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.6 to 4.6	V
V _{I/O}	Input /Output Voltage	-0.6 V to V _{CC} + 0.3 V (≤ 4.6 V)	V
P_{D}	Power Dissipation	0.3	W
T _{SOLDER}	Soldering Temperature (10 s)	260	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature	0 to 70	°C

CAPACITANCE *(Ta = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

SYMB0L	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
C _{IN}	Input	$V_{IN} = 0 V$	_	10	pF
C _{OUT}	Output	V _{OUT} = 0 V	_	10	pF

 $^{^{\}ast}$ $\;$ This parameter is periodically sampled and is not tested for every device.

VALID BLOCKS*

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
N _{VB}	Number of Valid Blocks	1028	_	1064	Blocks

NOTE: The device occasionally contains unusable blocks. Refer to Application Note (10) toward the end of this document.

The first block (Block 0) is guaranteed to be a valid block at the time of shipment.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PAR	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage		2.7 V	_	3.6 V	٧
V _{IH}	High Level input Voltage	2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	0.8 x Vcc	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	-0.3*	_	0.2 x Vcc	V

^{* -2} V (pulse width lower than 20 ns)

DC CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 0 to 70°C, V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0 V to V_{CC}$		_	±10	μΑ
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0 V to V _{CC}		_	±10	μА
I _{CCO0}	Power On Reset Current	_		_	30	mA
I _{CCO1}	Serial Read Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, tcycle = 50 ns	_	_	50	mA
I _{CCO2}	Programming Current	_		_	50	mA
I _{CCO3}	Erasing Current	_	_	_	50	mA
Iccs	Standby Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \overline{WP} = 0 \text{ V/V}_{CC}$		_	100	μΑ
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA } (2.7 \text{ V} \le V_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{ V})$	2.4	_	_	V
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA } (2.7 \text{ V} \le V_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	0.4	V
I _{OL} (RY/BY)	Output current of RY/BY pin	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \ V \ (2.7 \ V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6 \ V)$	_	8	_	mA

The specification for the minimum number of valid blocks is applicable over the device lifetime.

<u>AC CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS</u> (Ta = 0 to 70° C, V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{CLS}	CLE Setup Time	12	_	ns
t _{CLS2}	CLE Setup Time	42	_	ns
t _{CLH}	CLE Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{CS}	CE Setup Time	20	_	ns
t _{CS2}	CE Setup Time	32	_	ns
t _{CH}	CE Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{WP}	Write Pulse Width	12	_	ns
t _{ALS}	ALE Setup Time	12	_	ns
t _{ALH}	ALE Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	10	_	ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	5	_	ns
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	25	_	ns
twH	WE High Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{ADL} *	WE High Hold Time from final address to first data	300	_	ns
t _{WW}	WP High to WE Low	100	_	ns
t _{RW}	Ready to WE Falling Edge	20	_	ns
t _{RP}	Read Pulse Width	12	_	ns
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	25	_	ns
t _{REA}	RE Access Time	_	20	ns
tCR	CE Low to RE Low	10	_	ns
tCLR	CLE Low to RE Low	10	_	ns
t _{AR}	ALE Low to RE Low	10	_	ns
^t RHOH	Data Output Hold Time from RE High	25	_	ns
t _{RLOH}	Data Output Hold Time from RE Low	5	_	ns
t _{RHZ}	RE High to Output High Impedance	_	60	ns
tCHZ	CE High to Output High Impedance	_	30	ns
tCLHZ	CLE High to Output High Impedance	_	30	ns
t _{REH}	RE High Hold Time	10	_	ns
t _{IR}	Output-High-impedance-to- RE Falling Edge	0	_	ns
t _{RHW}	RE High to WE Low	30	_	ns
twhc	WE High to CE Low	30	_	ns
twhr	WE High to RE Low for data output	300	_	ns
twhrs	WE High to RE Low for Status & ID Read	180	_	ns
t _R	Memory Cell Array to Starting Address	_	150(TBD)	μS
t _{WB}	WE High to Busy	_	100	ns
t _{RST}	Device Reset Time (Ready/Read/Program/Erase)		10/20/30/200	μ\$

^{*} tADL is the time from the $\overline{\,\text{WE}\,}$ rising edge of final address cycle to the $\overline{\,\text{WE}\,}$ rising edge of first data cycle.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITION
FARAWLILK	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$
Input level	0 V to Vcc
Input pulse rise and fall time	3ns
Input comparison level	Vcc/2
Output data comparison level	Vcc/2
Output load	C _L (50 pF) + 1 TTL

Note: Busy to ready time depends on the pull-up resistor tied to the RY/BY pin. (Refer to Application Note (6) toward the end of this document.)

PROGRAMMING AND ERASING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V})$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
t _{PROG}	Average Programming Time		TBD	TBD	μs	
t _{DCBSYW1}	Data Cache Busy Time in Write Cache (following 11h)		_	10	μs	
t _{DCBSYW2}	Data Cache Busy Time in Write Cache (following 15h)	_	TBD	TBD	μs	(2)
t _{DCBSYW3}	Data Cache Busy Time in Write Cache (following 1Ah)		10	TBD	μs	(3)
N	Number of Partial Program Cycles in the Same Page	_	_	_		(1)
tBERASE	Block Erasing Time	_	3	10	ms	

- (1) Refer to Application Note (9) toward the end of this document.
- (2) t_{DCBSYW2} depends on the timing between internal programming time and data in time.
- (3) In case of Program Operation with Data Cache, t_{DCBSYW3} depends on the timing between internal programming time and data in time.

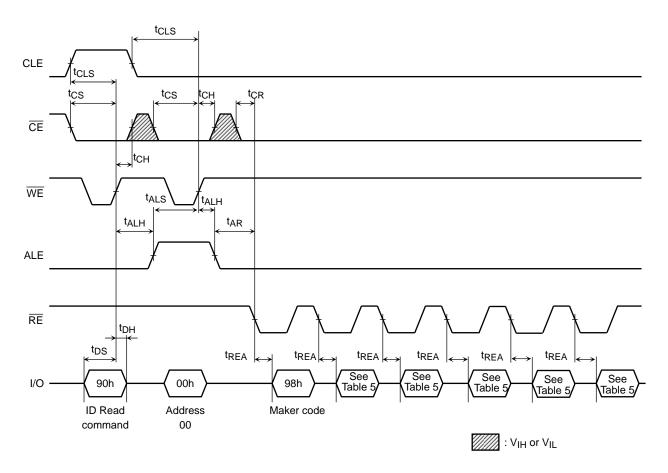
Data Output

When tREH is long, output buffers are disabled by /RE=High, and the hold time of data output depend on tRHOH (25 ns MIN). On this condition, waveforms look like normal serial read mode.

When tREH is short, output buffers are not disabled by /RE=High, and the hold time of data output depend on tRLOH (5ns MIN). On this condition, output buffers are disabled by the rising edge of CLE, ALE, /CE or falling edge of /WE, and waveforms look like Extended Data Output Mode.

Data Output can be output synchronously with the clock after 05h+Address*5cycle+E0h sequence.

ID Read Operation Timing Diagram



PIN FUNCTIONS

The device is a serial access memory which utilizes time-sharing input of address information.

Command Latch Enable: CLE

The CLE input signal is used to control loading of the operation mode command into the internal command register. The command is latched into the command register from the I/O port on the rising edge of the $\overline{\text{WE}}$ signal while CLE is High.

Address Latch Enable: ALE

The ALE signal is used to control loading address information into the internal address register. Address information is latched into the address register from the I/O port on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{WE}}$ while ALE is High.

Chip Enable: CE

The device goes into a low-power Standby mode when \overline{CE} goes High during the device is in Ready state. The \overline{CE} signal is ignored when device is in Busy state (RY/ \overline{BY} = L), such as during a Program or Erase or Read operation, and will not enter Standby mode even if the \overline{CE} input goes High.

Write Enable: WE

The WE signal is used to control the acquisition of data from the I/O port.

Read Enable: RE

The \overline{RE} signal controls serial data output. Data is available t_{REA} after the falling edge of \overline{RE} . The internal column address counter is also incremented (Address = Address + 1) on this falling edge.

I/O Port: I/O1 to 8

The I/O1 to 8 pins are used as a port for transferring address, command and input/output data to and from the device.

Write Protect: WP

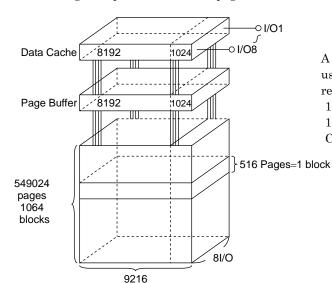
The $\overline{\text{WP}}$ signal is used to protect the device from accidental programming or erasing. The internal voltage regulator is reset when $\overline{\text{WP}}$ is Low. This signal is usually used for protecting the data during the power-on/off sequence when input signals are invalid.

Ready/Busy: RY / BY

The RY/ \overline{BY} output signal is used to indicate the operating condition of the device. The RY/ \overline{BY} signal is in Busy state (RY/ \overline{BY} = L) during the Program, Erase and Read operations and will return to Ready state (RY/ \overline{BY} = H) after completion of the operation. The output buffer for this signal is an open drain and has to be pulled-up to Vcc with an appropriate resister.

Schematic Cell Layout and Address Assignment

The Program operation works on page units while the Erase operation works on block units.



A page consists of 9216 bytes in which 8192 bytes are used for main memory storage and 1024 bytes are for redundancy or for other uses.

1 page = 9216 bytes

 $1 \text{ block} = 9216 \text{ bytes} \times 516 \text{ pages} = (4128\text{K} + 516\text{K}) \text{bytes}$

Capacity = $9216 \text{ bytes} \times 516 \text{ pages} \times 1064 \text{ blocks}$

An address is read in via the I/O port over five consecutive clock cycles, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Addressing

	I/O8	I/O7	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
First cycle	CA7	CA6	CA5	CA4	CA3	CA2	CA1	CA0
Second cycle	ــا	L	CA13	CA12	CA11	CA10	CA9	CA8
Third cycle	L	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Fourth cycle	PA14	PA13	PA12	PA11	PA10	PA9	PA8	PA7
Fifth cycle	L	L	L	L	PA18	PA17	PA16	PA15

CA0 to CA13: Column address PA0 to PA18: Page address

PA0 to PA6: WL address in a block

PA7: Left / Right plane address

(Left Plane=0 / Right Plane=1)

PA8 to PA18: Block address

Note)

- (a) Block address (PA8 to PA18) can only be selected between Block 0 and Block 1063.
- (b) WL address in a block (PA0 to PA6) can only be selected between WL 0 and WL 85.
- (c) There are Lower/Middle/Upper address in a WL, which is selected 01/02/03h command.

Input of the address other than specified above is invalid.

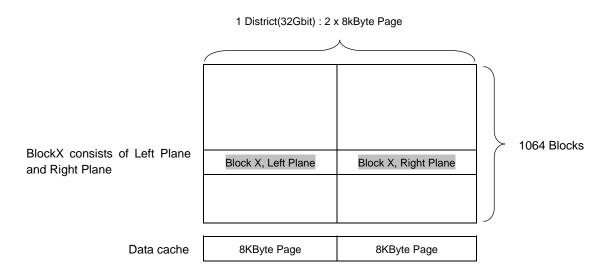
If those unspecified addresses are inputted in program or erase operation, the device will output a fail status to respond to status read command.

In case of read operation, some invalid data will be outputted by the device.

Please refer to Application Note (11) toward the end of this document for block management.

Left / Right Plane Scheme of NAND

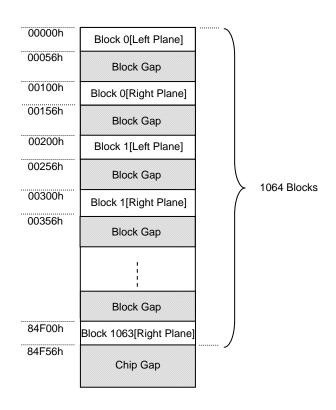
1 District of this NAND consists of Left / Right plane \times 8kByte Page. Left / Right Plane Scheme is as follows.



Block Arrangement

The device has block gaps and chip gap(s). Block arrangement is as follows.

Page Address (Hexadecimal)



ID Read

The device contains ID codes which can be used to identify the device type, the manufacturer, and features of the device. The ID codes can be read out under the following timing conditions:

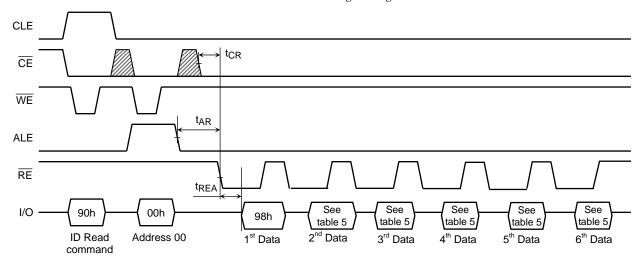


Table 5. Code table

	Description	I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	1/04	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1	Hex Data
1st Data	Maker Code	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	98h
2nd Data	Device Code	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	D7h
3rd Data	Chip Number, Cell Type	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	See table
4th Data	Page Size, Block Size, Redundant Size, Organization	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	See table
5th Data	Extended Block	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	See table
6th Data	Technology Code	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	See table

2nd Data

Description		I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1	Hex Data
	8 Gbits	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	D3h
	16 Gbits	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	D5h
Memory Density	32 Gbits	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	D7h
per each /CE	64 Gbits	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	DEh
	128 Gbits	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	3Ah
	256 Gbits	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3Ch

3rd Data

	Description	I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
Internal Chip Number per each CE/	1 2 4 8							0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1
Cell Type	2 level cell 4 level cell 8 level cell 16 level cell					0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1		
Reserved		0 or 1	0	0 or 1	0 or 1				

4th Data

	Description	I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	1/04	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
Page Size (without redundant area)	2 KB 4 KB 8 KB Reserved							0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1
Block Size (without redundant area)	Default Value	1		0	0				
	Reserved			0 or 1	0 or 1				
Redundant area size	Default Value		0			0	0		
	Reserved					0 or 1	0 or 1		

5th Data

	Description	I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
District Number per each /CE	1 2 4 8					0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1		
Reserved		0 or 1	0 or 1	0 or 1	0 or 1			0 or 1	0 or 1

6th Data

Description		I/O8	1/07	I/O6	I/O5	I/O4	I/O3	I/O2	I/O1
	130 nm process						0	0	0
Technology code	90 nm process						0	0	1
	70 nm process						0	1	0
	56 nm process						0	1	1
	43 nm process						1	0	0
	32 nm process						1	0	1
	24 nm process						1	1	0
	Reserved					0 or 1	1	1	1
Reserved		0 or 1	0 or 1	0 or 1	0 or 1				

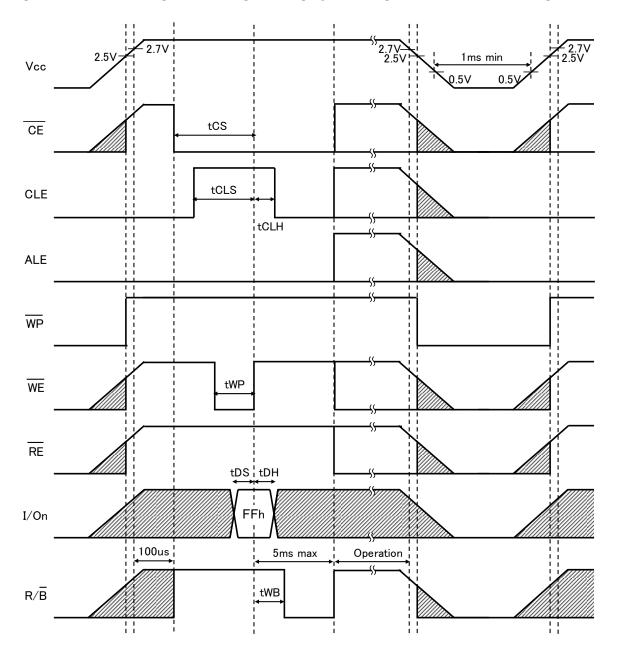
APPLICATION NOTES AND COMMENTS

(1) Power-on/off sequence:

The device is designed to offer protection from any involuntary program/erase during power-transitions. An internal voltage detector disables all functions whenever V_{CC} is below about 2V. The Reset command(FFh) must be issued to all \overline{CE} s as the first command after the NAND Flash device is powered on. Each \overline{CE} will be busy for a maximum of 5ms after a RESET command is issued. In this time period, the acceptable command is 70h/71h/F1h.

Each NAND die will draw no more than 1st prior to execution of the first Reset command(FFh) after the device is powered on.

 \overline{WP} pin provices hardware protection and is recommended to be kept at $V_{\rm IL}$ during power-up and power-down. The two step command sequence for program/erase provides additional software protection.



(2) Prohibition of unspecified commands

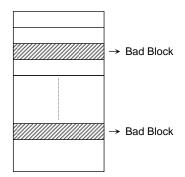
The operation commands are listed in Table 3. Input of a command other than those specified in Table 3 is prohibited. Stored data may be corrupted if an unknown command is entered during the command cycle.

(3) Restriction of commands while in the Busy state

During the Busy state, do not input any command except 70h(71h) and FFh.

(10) Invalid blocks (bad blocks)

The device occasionally contains unusable blocks. Therefore, the following issues must be recognized:



At the time of shipment, the bad block information is marked on each bad block. Please do not perform an erase operation to bad blocks. It may be impossible to recover the bad block information, if the information is erased.

Check if the device has any bad blocks after installation into the system. Refer to the test flow for bad block detection. Bad blocks which are detected by the test flow must be managed as unusable blocks by the system.

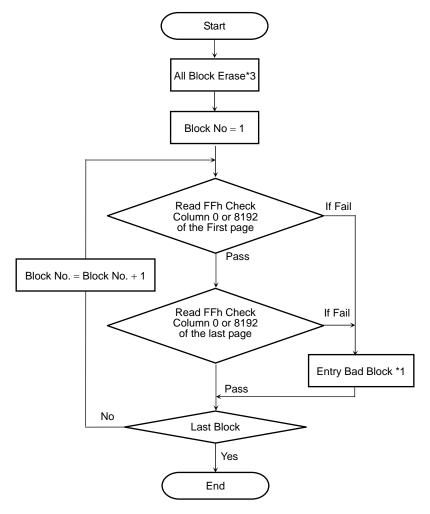
A bad block does not affect the performance of good blocks because it is isolated from the bit lines by select gates.

The number of valid blocks over the device lifetime is as follows:

	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Valid (Good) Block Number	1028	_	1064	Block

Bad Block Test Flow

Regarding invalid blocks, bad block mark is in both the 1st and the last page.



^{*1:}No erase operation is allowed to detected bad blocks

(for example) In case of Column 0 or 8192 is Bad Column, Column $2(4,6,8,10,\cdots)$ or $8194(8196,8198,8200,8202,\cdots)$ should be checked after Column 0 or 8192.

*3: At first, all blocks should be erased.

^{*2:}Bad column detection should be operated before detecting bad block information and Bad Columns should be skipped when bad block information is read.

(11) Failure phenomena for Program and Erase operations

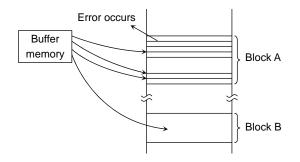
The device may fail during a Program or Erase operation.

The following possible failure modes should be considered when implementing a highly reliable system.

FAILURE MODE		DETECTION AND COUNTERMEASURE SEQUENCE
Block	Erase Failure	Status Read after Erase → Block Replacement
Page	Programming Failure	Status Read after Program → Block Replacement
Single Bit	Programming Failure "1 to 0"	ECC

- ECC: Error Correction Code. 60 bit correction per 1KBytes is necessary.
- Block Replacement

Program



When an error happens in Block A, try to reprogram the data into another Block (Block B) by loading from an external buffer. Then, prevent further system accesses to Block A (by creating a bad block table or by using another appropriate scheme).

Erase

When an error occurs during an Erase operation, prevent future accesses to this bad block (again by creating a table within the system or by using another appropriate scheme).

Note)

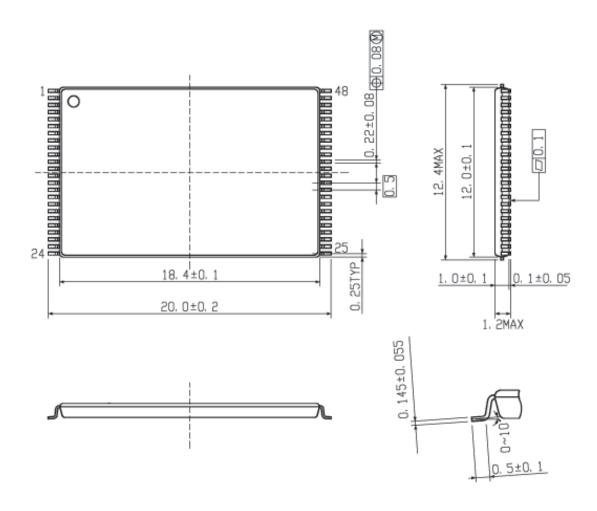
- (a) Block address (PA8 to PA18) can only be selected between Block 0 and Block 2083.
- (b) WL address in block (PA0 to PA6) can only be selected between WL 0 and WL 85.

Input of a address other than specified above is invalid.

If those unspecified addresses are inputted in program or erase operation, the device will output a fail status to respond to status read command. However, it is not permitted to count such a fail status as a bad block information when those unspecified addresses are input.

- (12) Do not turn off the power before write/erase operation is complete. Avoid using the device when the battery is low. Power shortage and/or power failure before write/erase operation is complete will cause loss of data and/or damage to data.
- (13) The all data which are Lower/Middle/Upper data of the WL can be read out only if 3rd program is completed

Package Dimensions



Weight: 0.53 g (typ.)

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